PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

BY JOHN I. SCULL.

DE REPUBLICA NON DESPERARE.

No. 20. PITTSBURGH, OCTOBER 15, 1816. Vol. 31

JUST RECEIVED
AND FOR SALE.

Forty Thousand Pounds
PIG LEAD.

10 chests young hyson tea,
A few barrels lump sugar and copperas,
An assortment of coal and wood stoves and grates.

ARMOR & WALLACE.

October 11.

NIGHT SCHOOL.

LOWRIE & BOARDMAN inform their patrons and the public that their night school will commence on Monday the 14th inst. in Weigh Alley. Their room is spacious and comfortable, and as they will both pay the most unremitted attention to the duties of the school a large number of pupils can be accommodated.

A class of young gentlemen will study English Grammar.

Pittsburgh, Oct. 11.

VALUABLE PROPERTY
For Sale at Auction.

A PART of that handsome property on which I now reside, adjoining Pittsburgh on the bank of the Monongahela river, will be offered for sale at public auction on the 19th inst.—It will be divided into twelve lots of fifty feet front by two hundred feet deep, measured from low water mark. WILLIAM EICHBAUM.

N. B. A plan of the lots may be seen and terms of payment made known at the action store of

D. S. SCULLY.

Pittsburgh, Oct. 11—3t.

OATS.

THE subscriber will purchase eight or ten hundred bushels of OATS at thirty-seven and a half cents per bushel. Likewise fifty bushels of CHOPT RYE, ten or fifteen TONS OF HAY—to be delivered at the U. States Arsenal, near Pittsburgh.

JOHN PENNY,
Act. Q. M. Sergt.

October 11—3t

N. B. If there is any scrupling as to the price of the oats, the subscriber will refer to the market price.

SALTSBURGH.

The subscriber has laid out a Town on the west side of the Connemaugh and Kiskaminitas rivers, opposite the mouth of Loyalhanna creek. The lots will be sold by public vendue on the premises on Monday the 4th day of November next—and a plan of the town exhibited and the terms of sale made known.

The local situation of SALTSBURGH gives it many advantages—an abundant supply of timber and stone for building can be conveniently procured in the neighbourhood:—within the limits of the town there are several springs of excellent water, and extensive mines of Stone Coal within half a mile. It is situated in a thickly settled and rapidly improving neighbourhood—thirty miles from Pittsburgh, fourteen from Greensburgh, and nineteen from Indiana.—From SALTSBURGH the navigation of Kiskaminitas and Allegheny rivers to Pittsburgh is good during the whole of the year.—It lies immediately on the road from Pittsburgh to Indiana; within two miles of the Connemaugh Salt-works, and in view of William Johnston's mills.—Mechanicks, particularly those who work in Iron, will find it an advantageous situation. ANDREW BOGGS.

October 7—3t

Woolen Warehouse,
No. 286, Market Street, Philadelphia.

THE subscriber, in addition to a large stock on hand, purchased here at reduced prices, has received a handsome assortment of

FRESH GOODS,

By the late arrivals from Liverpool, and

offers for sale the following articles per package or piece, on his usual terms,

Superfine London and Yorkshire cloths,
Second and inferior do.
Stout double milled drab do.
Ladies pelisse do. fashionable colours,
Cassimeres and fine moleskin coatings,
Olive and grey coatings,
Rose, point and striped blankets,
Baizes and flannels,
Plaids, kerseys and fearnoughts,
Stockingnetts, Bedford cords,
Waistcoating, worsted hosiery &c.

—ALSO—

On consignment 20 CASES superior London printed CALICOES; warranted fast colours.

JAMES WILLIAMS.

September 20, 1816. (O. 4.) tawlm.

FOR SALE OR RENT
On Perpetual Lease,

THE *TAVERN* and *FERRY* on Liberty Street in the City of Pittsburgh. On the premises is a large well finished two story brick House, and other convenient buildings; also, a landing on the opposite shore of the Monongahela. For terms and further particulars apply at the Office of the Pittsburgh Gazette.

August 12, 1816. 2awtf.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
TIN MANUFACTORY.

Thomas W. Eagles,
Wood-street, between Water and Front streets,

HAS just imported an elegant assortment of the best English planished TIN WARE,

CONSISTING OF

Dish covers in setts,	Sheet Brass,
Tea pots,	Do. Copper,
Coffee Biggons,	Mill saws,
Hash dishes of all sizes, &c. &c. &c.	Iron and tinned rivetts,
	Brass ketties of all sizes, &c. &c.

The above are the first assortment that has been offered for sale west of the mountains, and will be sold at the importers prices.

Also, on hands an elegant assortment of

Looking Glasses,

on better terms than at any other house in this city.

A small invoice of first rate SADLERY.

An assortment of PATENT IRON WARE tined inside

A constant supply of the above articles, with a general assortment of *TIN WARE* of the best quality, and on the most liberal terms may be had at the above store, well worth the attention of purchasers.

Pittsburgh, Oct. 8—2aw8t.

For Sale,

SEVERAL tracts of LAND of a good quality, two of which are well improved, one having thereon a well established tanyard. All within from twelve to twenty miles from the city of Pittsburgh. Terms made known by

JOHN M'DONALD.
Wood-street, Pittsburgh.

October 8.—2awtf.

Take Notice,

WHEREAS my wife Elizabeth Stidam has given me just cause for a separation. Therefore this is to forwarn all persons from trading with her or harbouring her on my accoun as I am determined not to pay any debts of her contracting from this date.

SAMUEL STIDAM.

Pittsburgh, October 4, 1816. (8)

Twenty Dollars Reward.

RAN away about the middle of September last, from the subscriber living in Connelsville, Fayette county, Pa. a negro man named POMPEY, a slave for life, about fifty years of age, five feet six inches high, very dark, small featured, bald head, active, much addicted to drunkenness and impudent when in that state—has formerly resided in Philadelphia and Pittsburgh, and affects to speak French. Took with him a black cloth coat, a lindsey coatee, one pair blue cloth pantaloons, one pair dimitty do. and sundry other wearing apparel. Whoever apprehends and secures the said negro so that the subscriber may get him again, shall receive the above reward and reasonable charges if returned.

JOHN CAMPBELL.

October 4.

CONVEYANCING.

FROM the encouragement I have received since I commenced Business in Pittsburgh, I have determined to devote my attention *exclusively* to the Business of Conveyancing.

Deeds, and every other species of Writing,

will be drawn *on the shortest notice*, and on reasonable terms, at my Office in the Diamond.

JAMES M. RIDDLE.

Pittsburgh, 26th September, 1816.

N. B. Business from the Country will always be *immediately* attended to.

Cut Tacks, Sprigs, Wood Screws.

ORMSBY & DOANE have just received from the Manufactory in Massachusetts, an assortment of Superior CUT TACKS, SPRIGS and WOOD SCREWS, which they will sell by the Box or Thousand. *They have also,*

PEARL ASH, BUTTER, LOAF SUGAR; SOAP and DIPT CANDLES by the Box, and an excellent assortment of CASTINGS, JUNIATA BAR IRON, &c. &c.

Pittsburgh, September 26, 1816.

HENRY DOANE,
Offers for sale in Water, between Market and Wood streets,

ROSIN SOAP,	An elegant assortment of penknives
Spanish & common Segars	Files, Padlocks
Hyson skin and Young Hyson tea	Stock and knoblocks
Carolina Indigo	Brass and plated candlesticks
Whiting	Powder flasks
Madder	Bolts and gimblets
Kegs and half kegs Kentucky tobacco	Till, cupboard & chest locks
Flour	Butt hinges' screws
Writing and wrapping paper	Razors and razor cases
Rosin	Wheel irons, frying pans
Shott, all sizes	Straw knives, vices
Gunpowder	Wagon boxes, &c. &c.
Cotton and wool cards	
Juniper berries	

Together with drawing and halter Chains, axes, hatchets, mattocks, hoes, and castings—50 kegs Cut nails—a variety of foreign Liquors—3000lbs Kentucky Bacon—10 bls Salt.

Pittsburgh, September 3, 1816,

O'BRIEN & DYOTT.
Wholesale & Retail Druggists,
PITTSBURGH.

HAVE FOR SALE, at their DRUG WAREHOUSE, an extensive supply of the following GOODS which, in addition to a variety of other genuine articles, they will dispose of on their usual low terms, viz:

Fresh Drugs,	Camels hair Pencils,	Apothecary scales and weights
Chemicals,	Reeve's Water Colors	Bottle and vial corks
Medicines,	Gold Leaf	Pill boxes
Perfumery,	Mortars and Pestles	Wafers and Sealing Wax
Vials assorted,	Graduated Measures	Patent Lint
Flaxseed and Sweet Oil,	Surgeons Instruments	Walden's Ink powder
Spirit Turpentine,	Single and double Trusses,	Smelling bottles assorted
Paints assorted	Bogies and Catheters	Lemon acid
Dye Stuffs,	Ivory and pewter Syringes	Ess. Bergamotte and Lemon
Painters brushes,	Bolus Knives	Castile and Windsor Soap.

Patent Medicines,

OF every description, per dozen or gross.

*** Physicians, country merchants and others, who deal in Drugs and Medicines, or any of the above articles, can be supplied at the lowest Philadelphia prices, (with the addition only of carriage expenses.)

Customers may rest assured, that particular attention will at all times be paid to furnish them with goods of the best description, and on the lowest terms possible.

Families in town and in the country, can be supplied with superior Medicines of every description, on the cheapest terms.

Pittsburgh, August 3, 1816.

M'CLURG'S & M'KNIGHT,
Offer For Sale at the
Pittsburgh Air Foundery,

CORNER of Fifth and Smithfield Streets, and also, at their Warehouse in Wood Street, (between Messrs. Allen and Grants, and W. Anderson & Co.) a very extensive assortment of

Wood and Coal STOVES and GRATES, of a great variety of sizes and patterns, finished complete, or in plates, as may be wanted. They are also constantly receiving from their Blast Furnaces, and have now on hand a large assortment of

HOLLOW WARE, and CASTINGS,

OF almost every description, among which are the following:

Hatters, Taylors and Smoothing Irons,	Waggon Boxes,
Grist and Saw Mill Irons,	Salt and Pot Ash Kettles,
Tea Kettles and Waffle Irons,	Hatters, Fullers and Soap Boilers Do
Scales, Counter and Sash Weights,	Windmill Irons,
Blacksmith's Anvills,	Dog Irons, &c. &c.
Apple Mill Nutts,	

Steam Engine, and every kind of Machinery, Large Kettles, and Boilers of every description, made to order on the shortest notice.

ALL OF WHICH WILL BE SOLD ON THE MOST REASONABLE TERMS,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

Pittsburgh, September 10, 1816.

Shot, Powder, &c.

THE SUBSCRIBER HAS JUST RECEIVED a quantity of first quality

Patent Shot, No. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 & 6.

Good Rifle Gun Powder,
BY THE KEG,

COUNTRY SEGARS, Scotch and Rappe Snuff Domestic Cloth, and Cotton Shawls.

—*ON HAND*—

A General assortment of MERCHANDIZE, suited to the present and approaching season.

—ALSO—

Prime Pickling Vinegar,

Very strong and fit for immediate use.

All of which will be sold Wholesale or Retail at the lowest market prices, for Cash or approved Trade.

ISAAC HARRIS,
Diamond, Pittsburgh.

Pittsburgh, September 13, 1816.

☞ Will be received in Exchange Butter, Beeswax, Deer Skins, Clover and Flax seed, Flax and Tow Linen, Bags, Flax, Rags, and country produce generally.

Just Received and For Sale,
AT A REDUCED PRICE,

500 Buffalo ROBES,

100,000 lbs. Pig Lead,
30,000 lbs. Shott.

APPLY TO

Bosler & Co.

WHO also offer the most extensive assortment of Grates, Cambooses, Coal and Wood Stoves, that has ever been exhibited in Pittsburgh.

Pittsburgh, August 30. 1awtfq.

The Estate of Gen. John Wilkins, deceased.

PERSONS having claims against this Estate, will please to render their accounts to the Subscriber—and those who may be indebted will make payment to him.

E. DENNY, *Administrator.*

Pittsburgh, August 20, 1816. 2awlm.

Rifle Powder.

THE subscriber has constantly on hand a supply of FERREE'S BEST RIFLE POWDER.

JOHN CALDWELL.

October 4—tf.

Grand National Lottery.
SECOND CLASS.

Authorised by Act of Congress, for opening a Canal in the City of Washington.

Begins drawing on the 30th September next.

35,000 Dollars,
25,000 Dollars,
10,000 Dollars, } Highest Prizes.

Six Dollars the lowest Prize.

SCHEME.

1	Prize	of	$35,000	is $35,000
1	do.		25,000	25,000
1	do.		10,000	10,000
1	do.		5,000	5,000
1	do.		2,000	2,000
4	do.		1,000	4,000
50	do.		600	30,000
50	do.		100	5,000
100	do.		50	5,000
208	do.		25	5,200
1000	do.		15	15,000
9800	do.		6	58,800

First drawn numbers on the 1st day, 2nd—3d—4th—5th—6th—7th—8th—9th—10th—11th—12th—13th—14th—15th—16th—17th—18th 19th—20th—21st—22nd—23d—24th—25th—26th—27th—28th—29th—30th—31st—32nd—33d—34th—35th—36th—37th—38th—39th—40th—41st—42nd—43d—44th—45th—46th—47th—48th—49th—and 50th days, are each to be entitled to one of the above 600 dollar prizes, payable in part by one hundred Tickets, beginning with No. 35001 to No. 35100 inclusive, for the first drawn on the first day of drawing and so on in regular succession for the rest.

The 35,000 Dollar Prize,
The 25,000 Dollar Prize,
The 10,000 Dollar Prize,

and all the other Capital Prizes are floating, and adventurers who purchase Tickets at the commencement of the Lottery have an equal chance o drawing any of the Capitals, as they may all come out on the first day of drawing.

Prizes subject to fifteen per cent. deduction and payable 40 days after the drawing is completed.

TICKETS FOR SALE

At the Store of WILLIAM HILL *for Cash only, who will receive the drawings regularly.*

Pittsburgh, July 8, 1816.

Rosin Soap.

A quantity just received, and for Sale at reduced prices, by

Bosler & Co.

Pittsburgh, August 19, 1816. 2awtf.

PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

TUESDAY, OCTOBER 15, 1816.

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED ON
TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS,
BY JOHN I. SCULL,
In Front Street, nearly opposite the Post-Office.

CONDITIONS.

THREE DOLLARS a year, paid half yearly in advance—or THREE DOLLARS and FIFTY CENTS, at the end of the year.

If the Subscriber does not order a discontinuance of his paper at the expiration of the year, it will be considered a new engagement.

ADVERTISEMENTS inserted in a neat and conspicuous form, at One Dollar per square for the first three insertions, and Twenty-five Cents per square for each continuance.

☞ The following humorous Apologue prefixed to Roderick Random by its Author Smollet, may be taken as an amicable hint by such friends and fellow labourers, as may feel nettled at the apprehension (*from a conciousness of deserving we suppose*) of reproof in any production issuing from this Press. We assure them that we have too strict a sense of propriety to recur to personality even against those disposed to affront us, with as much cause as the Sapient Gentlemen alluded to in this story who in the delirium of feverish imagination or probably influenced by the peevishness of old age, fancied themselves the object of the Painters merriment.

Quebec Telegraph.

"A Young painter indulging a vein of pleasantry, sketched a kind of a conversation-piece, representing a bear, an owl, a monkey, and an ass; and to render it more striking, humorous and moral, distinguished every figure by some emblem of human life.

Bruin was exhibited in the garb and attitude of an old toothless, drunken soldier —the owl perched upon the handle of a coffee pot, with spectacles on its nose, seemed to contemplate a newspaper; and the ass, ornamented with a huge tie wig, (which, however, could not conceal his long ears) sat for his picture to the monkey, who appeared with the implements of painting. This whimsical groupe afforded some mirth, and met with general approbation, until some mischievous wag hinted that the whole was a lampoon upon the friends of the performer; an insinuation which was no sooner circulated, than those very people who applauded it before, began to be alarmed, and even to fancy themselves signified by the several figures of the piece.

Among others, a worthy personage in years, who had served in the army with reputation, being incensed at the supposed outrage, repaired to the lodgings of the painter, and finding him at home.—"Hark ye, Mr. Monkey, said he, I have a good mind to convince you, that though the bear has lost his teeth, he retains his paws, and that he is not so drunk but he can perceive your impertinence—Sblood! sir, that toothless jaw is a damned scandalous libel—but don't you imagine me so chopfallen as not to be able to chew the cud of resentment." Here he was interrupted by the arrival of a learned physician, who advancing to the culprit with fury in his aspect, exclaimed, "Suppose the augmentation of the ass's ears should prove the diminution of the baboon's; nay, seek not to prevaricate, for by the beard of Æsculapius! there is not one hair in this periwig that will not stand up in judgment to convict thee of personal abuse—Do but observe, captain, how this pitiful little fellow has copied the very curls—the colour, indeed, is different, but the form and foretop are quite similar."—When he thus remonstrated in a strain of vociferation, a venerable senator entered, and waddling up to the delinquent, "Jackanapes! cried he, I will now let thee see I can read something else than a newspaper, and that without the help of spectacles—Here is your own note of hand, sirrah for money, which if I had not advanced, you yourself would have resembled an owl, in not daring to shew your face by day, you ungrateful slanderous knave!"

In vain the astonished painter declared that he had no intention to give offence, or to characterise particular persons; they affirmed the resemblance was too palpable to be overlooked; they taxed him with insolence, malice, and ingratitude; and their clamours being overheard by the public, the captain was a bear, the doctor an ass, and the senator an owl, to his dying day.

Christian reader, I beseech thee, in the bowels of the Lord, remember this example while thou art employed in the perusal of the following sheets; and seek not to appropriate to thyself that which equally belongs to five hundred different people. If thou should'st meet with a character that reflects thee in some ungracious particular, keep thine own counsel; consider that one feature makes not a face, and that though thou art, perhaps distinguished by a *BOTTLE NOSE*, twenty thy neighbours may be in the same predicament.

EXECUTION OF LOUIS XVI.

The re-establishment of the Bourbon Family upon the the throne of France, is a very important event, and is every where the subject of much speculation and wonder. The idea of their present prosperity naturally associates with that of their past misfortunes. In concert with this general sympathy, a book has lately been published in France, entitled "Histoire du Process de Louis 16"—It appears to have been written with much fidelity, and calculated to excite a very lively interest among all, whether royalists or republicans, who venerate justice or love humanity. It is not my purpose to comment on a transaction which will forever stain the annals of that ill fated country. I notice this work only to offer to the publick attention a curious extract, in the shape of a letter, from one of the unfortunate Monarch's executioners. It was addressed to M. Berard, one of the editors of the *Bulletin National*, and published in that paper, 26th February, 1717; but a little more than a month after that tragical event.

"Having alighted from his carriage for execution, we told him he must take off his coat. He made some difficulty, saying, he could be executed as he was. Upon representation that the thing was impossible, he himself assited in taking it off. He made the same difficulty, when he was informed it was necessary to tie his hands, but he offered them himself; when the person who accompanied him (Mr. Edgeworth) told him it was the last sacrifice—He then asked if the drums would continue to beat. We answered him that we did not know, which was true. He mounted the scaffold, and wished to advance to the front of it as if to speak. But it was represented to him that the thing was impossible—He then suffered himself to be conducted to the place where we tied him;—whence he cried out very loudly, "people I die innocent." Then turning himself towards us, he said to us, "sirs, I am innocent of all that is laid to my charge, and wish that my blood may cement the happiness of the French."—These were his true and last words.—The kind of little debate which took place at the foot of the scaffold turned upon this, that he did not think it necessary that his coat should be taken off, or that his hands should be tied. He proposed also to cut his hair off himself. I owe it to truth to declare that he supported the whole scene with a coolness and fortitude that astonished us all. I am well convinced that he derived this firmness from the principles of religion, with which no one could appear more penetrated than he.

You are at liberty to make use of my letter, as it contains nothing but what is conformable to the most exact truth.

Feb. 23d, 1793.

(Signed) SAMSON, Executioner of Criminal Judgments.

REPORT EXTRAORDINARY.

The Newburyport Herald, of Tuesday, has the following *extraordinary* article of NEWS:—"By a letter received in town last evening from Eastport, it appears that an English fleet had just arrived there, consisting of one 50 gun ship, two 38 gun frigates, one gun brig, and a sloop of war. American property of every description is SEIZED, and the people are talking of nothing but WAR.

☞ Since the receipt of the above, we have been told that the report as respects the seizure of American property, has probably arisen from the circumstance of a new Collector being appointed at St. Andrews, in which district is comprehended Eastport, who deemed the indulgences of the former Collector incorrect; and accordingly, had seized on all the merchandize which was judged to have been imported contrary to law. The merchants, having been so loug indulged in free trade, and not dreaming of such a change, were very naturally surprised; and of course, had spread alarms, calculated to awaken the public sensibility; but the suggestion of a war growing out of this circumstance, is ridiculous in the extreme. *Bost. Gaz.*

THE ALGERINES.

It may not be unseasonable to refer to the records of history for an account of those various exploits through which the pirates of the Mediterranean have either been repressed in their career by a partial chastisement, or stimulated to new outrages by a successful resistance:

The first, and certainly the most memorable expedition against the corsairs of Africa were supported by the military power, and stimulated by the personal command of Charles V. The political Prince was enabled to summon the latest chivalry of the romantic ages to the support of a design which promised to unite all the enthusiastic notions of the first Crusaders, with more sound anticipations of real benefit to mankind. His expedition to Tunis for the restoration of a deposed and persecuted monarch was eminently successful;—his last and more formidable attempt upon Algiers, unconquerable as it appeared, in the extent and splendor of the armament, the renown and religious devotion of the troops composing it—and, what was of no less importance in that age, the benediction and exhortations of papal policy—this magnificent enterprize most miserably failed. Charles, like the ambitious adventurer of our own times, despised the prudence which would stop to consider the uncontrolable influence of the seasons upon the designs of man. He embarked amidst the threatenings and dangers of the autumnal storms, and only reached Algiers in safety, to exhibit a striking instance of the instability of human success; and the uncertain tenure of human greatness. In one night, after having terrified the Algerines by a display of his power—in one night, by the sudden fury of the elements, in less than an hour, 86 ships and 18 gallies were destroyed, with all their crews and military stores; the army, which had landed, was then deprived of all means of subsistence; the camp, was deluged by torrents of rain; many of the troops, wandering about in despair, were destroyed by the Moors and Arabs; and the unhappy remnant of that magnificent expedition escaped with the greatest danger from the revenge of their insatiate pursuers.

The desperate attempt of John Gascon to burn the Algerine fleet in their own bay, can hardly be mentioned among the enterprizes of the European States, although it received the sanction and assitance of Philip II. He failed, like his imperial predecessor, from too much temerity, and his miserable death served only as a warning to succeeding adventurers.

The Algerines continued for a long time to annoy the maritime Powers of Europe: and, after the expulsion of the Moors from Spain, carried their depredations to the most terrifying excess. At length the French were roused to attempt something against them; Beaulieus defeated them in a naval engagement.

The squadron of English men of war, under Sir, Roger Mansel, soon after rendered himself ridiculous by returning, after great preparations without firing a shot. The Venetians at last fitted out a powerful armament, and completely destroyed the fleet of the pirates, though without curbing their predatory spirit or freeing the seas from these perfidious robbers.

The shores and passages of the Mediterranean continued to be infested with impurity, till Louis XIV, provoked by the outrages committed in his own provinces, resolved upon inflicting a grievous retribution. As the accounts of Ad. Du Quesne's expeditions shew what may be accomplished in the attempt to humble the Algerines by a *naval* armament, we shall notice his progress and success somewhat in detail.

Admiral Du Quesne sailed for Algiers in August, 1682, and having anchored before the town, cannonaded and bombarded it so furiously, that the whole place was soon in flames. The inhabitants were on the point of abandoning their dwellings, when the wind, suddenly shifted, obliged the admiral to return to Toulon.—The Algerines immediately made the most dreadful reprisals on the French coast; and a new armament was destined to sail the next year.

In May 1688. Du Quesne with his squadron cast anchor before Algiers; where, being joined by the Marquis d' Affranville at the head of five stout vessels, it was resolved to bombard the town next day. Accordingly 100 bombs were thrown into it the first day, which did terrible execution; while the besieged made some hundred discharges of their cannon against them without doing any considerable damage. The following night the bombs were again thrown into the city in such numbers, that the Dey's palace and other edifices were almost destroyed; some of their batteries were dismounted, and several vessels sunk in the port. The Dey and Turkish Bashaw, as well as the whole soldiery, alarmed as at this dreadful havock, immediately sued for peace. As a preliminary, the immediate surrender was insisted on of all Christian captives who had been taken fighting under the French flag; which being granted, 142 of them were immediately delivered up, with a promise of sending him the remainder as soon as they could be got from the different parts of the country. Accordingly Du Quense sent his Commissary-General and one of the Engineers into the town; but with express orders to insist upon the delivery of all the French captives withrot exception, together with the effects they had taken from the French; and that Mizomorte. their then Admiral, and Hall Rais, one of their captains, should be given as hostages.

This last demand having embarrassed the Dey, he assembled the Divan, and acquainted them with it; upon which Mezomorto fell into a violent passion, and told the assembly that the cowardice of those who sat at the helm had occasioned the ruin of Algiers; but that, for his part, he would never consent to deliver up any thing that had been taken from the French. He immediately acquainted the soldiery with what had passed, which so exasperated them, that they murdered the Dey that very night, and on the morrow chose Mezomorte in his place.—This was no sooner done, than he cancelled all the articles of peace which had been made, and hostilities were renewed with greater fury than ever.

The French admiral now kept pouring in such volleys of bombs, that in less than three days the greater part of the city was reduced to ashes, and the fire burnt with such vehemence that the sea was enlightened with it for more than two leagues round. Mezomorto, unmoved at all these disasters, and the vast number of the slain, whose blood ran in rivulets along the streets; or rather, grown furious and desperate, sought only how to wreak his revenge on the enemy; and, not content with causing all the French in the city to be cruelly murdered, ordered their Consul to be tied hand and foot, and fastened alive to the mouth of a mortar, from whence he was shot away against their Navy.—By this piece of inhumanity Du Quense, was so exasperated, that he did not leave Algiers till he had utterly destroyed all their fortifications, and shipping, almost all the lower part, and above two thirds of the upper part of the city, by which means it became nearly a heap of ruins. *Bos. Cen.*

Fresh Fall and Winter Goods.

JAMES WILEY, JR

HAS just received, in addtion to his former large supply, an extensive and general assortment of *FALL AND WINTER GOODS*, immediately from Philadelphia and Baltimore, and of the very latest importation, which he is enabled and will sell as low as any the city of Pittsburgh. Nevertheless dont take my word, but call and see.

Pittsburgh, Oct. 15—3t.

N. B. *A WORD TO THE WISE.* Those delinquent in payment of their accounts for five or six years and less, have been repeatedly solicited to call and do the *honourable*. But the solicitations have been disregarded. The subscriber once more earnestly calls upon them to come and pay their respective balances instantly. Those neglecting, may rely on being honoured by a visit from the constable, who is no respector of persons, JAMES WILEY, Jr.

110 Packages,

OF

Cheap Goods,

JUST RECEIVED,

BY

Johnston and M'Clelland,

Market street, between Third and Fourth streets, Pittsburgh,

COMPRISING a very general assortment, which they have the pleasure of offering to their customers and the public generally, on accommodating terms,

WHOLESALE & RETAIL

October 15—lawtf.

FOR SALE,

That very Valuable Real Estate called

HAMILTON HALL.

THE subscriber, wishing to remove from the country to a town, offers for sale, his beautiful FARM, on which he now resides, ten miles from the city of Pittsburgh, on the southwest bank of the Monongahela river, and two miles from M'Keesport, on the confluence of the Youghioghany and Monongahela rivers, and nearly opposite the mouth of Turtle creek.

This tract consists of about 275 acres of choice land, of which there is nearly 140 acres of first rate river and run bottom—the remainder is excellent tillable upland—there is about 90 acres of river bottom land cleared, which will produce as good corn and grass crops as any in the western country. In point of beauty, as well as excellent quality, this farm is excelled by none. The dwelling house is spacious, 72 feet in length, and one and a half story high, very neat and handsomely finished; a large barn with stables underneath, besides a horse stable, and other out houses, two tenant houses, and an excellent new Saw-mill, with a fall of 22 feet, and a stream of water sufficient for the purpose, for nearly nine months in the year. The same seat will admit of a grist or other mills also. There are several excellent springs for distilling; a handsome garden, stocked with all kinds of shrubbery; a young thriving Orchard, of the best fruit, and more than 3000 sugar trees on said farm.

If desired, there will be sold with the estate 100 full blooded, three fourths, and half blooded MERINO SHEEP, of superior quality and beauty, besides horses, cows, &c. and all kinds of farming utensils. The proximity to Pittsburgh and its excellent market, which unquestionably is the best in the Union, and the convenience as well by land as by water, makes it one of the most desirable and valuable estates in the western country; not only the bottoms but a considerable part of the upland, is excellently calculated for meadow. A full description is deemed unnecessary, as it is presumed the property will not be purchased without viewing it; however, it is calculated the estate will clear from 2500 to $3000 per annum, if well attended to. It is clear of all incumbrance, and an indisputable title will be given.

Besides the above, the subscriber will sell three excellent tracts of BOTTOM LAND, situate about five miles from Harmony, and nine miles from Beaver, 25 miles from Pittsburgh, on the Conequenessing. This land is of the very best quality for meadow or corn; each tract has an improvement upon it; one a saw mill; and another, a good dwelling house, barn, &c.

CHARLES VON BONNHORST.

October 15.—2awtf.

N. B. For further information apply to James M. Riddle, in the Diamond, Pittsburgh.

PITTSBURGH.

TUESDAY, OCTOBER 15, 1816.

Henry Baldwin is elected to congress for the district composed of the counties of Allegheny and Butler, by a majority of about 800 votes.

John Gilmore, William Woods Samuel Douglass and *Andrew Christy* are elected to the assembly.

Lazarus Stewart is elected Sheriff of Allegheny county, by a majority of 181 votes.

Joseph Davis, is elected commissioner by a majority of 249 votes, and *Charles Johnson*, Auditor by a majority of 28 votes.

In Westmoreland County, David Marchand, The democratic candidate for congress, has a majority of 292 votes over George Armstrong the Federal candidate. The returns from the district had not been received, but it was generally believed that Marchand would be elected by a small majority.

Peter Gray, Richard Coulter and William Parks, *all Federal Republicans*, are elected to the Assembly.

The Orleans Gazette of the 21st ult. mentions, that on the preceding day, a very numerous and respectable meeting of the citizens was held at Maspero's Coffee House, for the purpose of expressing the public sentiment in relation to the outrage lately committed on our flag by the Spaniards.

A number of resolutions were proposed, and adopted *unanimously* with the exception of the following:—

Resolved 7th. That it is our opinion that the commanding naval officer on this station ought to proceed to take immediate satisfaction for the insult offered to a vessel under his command and to the flag of his country; and that if he should have taken steps to inflict a prompt and adequate punishment upon the authors, we highly approve the same, and feel the greatest confidence that his doing so, will meet the approbation of his government and his countrymen in all parts of the Union."

On the reading of the above resolution, considerable disapprobation was manifested. Mr Livingston made a very able speech in which he shewed with a great deal of wisdom and energy, how ridiculous and impolitic it would be to endeavor to make the naval commander of that station believe, that he would act in conformity with the wishes of the nation and of the government, by committing reprisals towards the Spanish vessels which he might find at sea, supposing that that worthy officer should be so imprudent and unmindful of his duty as to attack the Spanish vessels without an order from the general government, and merely to satisfy the impatince which the citizens of the city feel to avenge in a striking manner the outrage offered to an American vessel. Mr. Livingston observed that instead of laying any fault on our side, we ought to preserve all our rights and hasten to accompany lieut. Cunningham's report with an address to the President, soliciting a prompt satisfaction for the hostilities so cowardly committed, in full peace against our flag.

Although Mr. Livingston's arguments were generally approved, they did not however prevail. The question was put on the resolution and it was adopted by a majority of about twenty votes.

The *Courier* says, "The famous resolution has passed, and God knows what will be the consequence of such a measure. Some people say it will be the mountain bringing forth a mouse, others on the contrary are sure that the Commodore has already sailed to chastise the insolence of the Spaniards, and that the resolution had no other object but to support that step in case it should not be approved of by the general government. But we entertain too high an opinion of Com. Patterson to believe that he will act otherwise than in pursuance of orders from congress.

Appointment of the Governor.

William N. Irvine, Esq. of Harrisburgh, late a colonel in the U. States' army, is appointed Adjutant General of the militia of Pennsylvania.

WASHINGTON COLLEGE.

The annual Commencement in this Seminary took place on the 26th ult. The Students in number between 70 and 80, preceded, by the Faculty and Trustees, moved in procession from the College to the Presbyterian Church, where the exercises were performed, before a numerous and respectable assembly, in the following order,

1. Introductory Prayer, by the Revd. John Anderson, President of the board of Trustees.

2. Latin Salutatory on Education, by Mr. James Speer, Westmoreland County, Pa,

3. Oration, on Politeness, shewing, that the principles of true politeness and the principles of Christian morality, were the same, by William Nesbit, Great Cove, Bedford county, Pa.

4. Oration, on the Immortality of the Soul, by Mr. John Sweney, Adams county, Pa.

5. Oration, on the Liberty of the Press, by Mr. James Piper, Union Town, Pa.

6. Valedictory, on Friendship, by Mr. Frederick Smith, Bedford county, Pa.

The degree of A. B. was then conferred upon each of the above named gentlemen, and an appropriate address delivered by the Revd. Mathew Brown, Principal of the College.

The whole concluded with Prayer.

The exercises of the Graduates were succeeded by Orations; a contest in eloquence and a debate between the two Societies in the College, on the following question, "Is defensive War consistent with the principles of Christianity?"

The Trustees impressed with the excellence and importance of the Address delivered by the Principal of the College on this occasion, have requested that they may be favoured with a copy of it for publication as early as possible.

NEW-ORLEANS:
September 16.

We have at last received such information relative to the outrage lately committed on the American flag by the Spaniards as may be relied upon. Expecting to receive such information, we forebore any allusion to the subject in yesterday's gazette. The Firebrand was not in company with any other vessel when she fell in with the three Spanish corvettes. When fired upon lieut. Cunningham shewed his colours and hailed the commodore, mentioning the character of his vessel. After continuing their fire some time the Spaniards sent an officer on board the Firebrand, to whom Mr. Cunningham's commission was shewn, and afterwards Mr. Campbell, second in command of the Firebrand, was sent aboard the corvette on the requisition of the Spanish captain.—When Mr. C. arrived on the deck, he was insulted by the most opprobrious abuse, and a centinel was placed over him, his boats crew was also compelled to go on board—immediately put in irons and then cruelly beaten. It is added that Mr. Cunningham repeatedly assured the Spanish captain that he had struck his flag, that he considered the Firebrand as a prize to his Catholic majesty, and entreated that she might be taken possession of agreeably to the usages of belligerents. This was declined by the gallant champion of the inquisition—but he still detained Mr. Cambell and his boat's crew.

At the expiration of four hours, however, a sail appeared at a distance, the prisoners were released and the Firebrand permitted to depart by the redoubtable Don, who did not fail to load the commander with the foulest reproaches, and protested that he had orders to drive every American vessel from the Gulph of Mexico.

We shall accompany the preceding facts with no observations; the bare recital is sufficient to rouse the indignation of every man who has an American heart, or a heart that spurns at cowardice and its constant associate, cruelty. We feel confident, knowing intimately, as we do, the officers of the Firebrand, that they offered no provocation to the vessels of a friendly nation, and that in whatever circumstances they might be placed they never would dishonor either themselves or their country.

In the *Intelligencer*, Mr. DALLAS has published a triumphant exposition of his administration of the finances of the nation, and of their promising condition. The *Public Debt* in January, 1817, he informs, will be short of One Hundred and Ten Millions; being a reduction in the year of nearly fourteen millions. The *Receipts* of 1816 he estimates at rising *Sixty-five millions*, seven hundred thousand dollars—the *Expenditures* about *Forty-six millions*, seven hundred thousand dollars:—Leaving (after deductions for loans and treasury notes) a surplus of rising *Twenty nine Millions of* dollars.

In *England*—no tidings had been received from their expedition against *Algiers*—The *Courier* intimated, that Lord Exmouth would take possession of the Spanish port of Cuta, to favour his operations.

A strong expedition was on the point of sailing from *Spain* for South-America.

Extract of a letter to a gentleman in Baltimore, dated Buenos Ayres, July 24.

"We have pretty correct information that the Portuguese expedition, with 10,000 troops, has arrived in this river."

[*From the Albany Argus, Oct.* 4]

A real tragedy was exhibited at Sackett's Harbor, a few days since, before a large company of spectators. Attached to the show bill of a wire dancer, appeared an advertisement of an Italian sailor, who promised to exhibit wonderful feats, such as the spectators had never before seen.—Curiosity attracted a very full house. After the first had performed his part of the entertainment, the sailor entered, called for a blanket and pillow, and laid himself down upon the floor. All eyes were turned towards him in anxious expectation, when he drew from his bosom a pistol, clapped the muzzle to his ear, and *blew out his brains!* This closed the entertainment.

HOLLAND.

HAGUE, Aug. 20, 1810.

We are authorized to contradict the report circulated by several newspapers, that many of the foreign officers who have emigrated to the United States of America, have been admitted into the military service of that country. Not one of them has been admitted into any kind of situation in the American service,—and all vacancies that may happen will be filled by the natives of the country, and probably by officers lately discharged.

☞ We have no doubt the above contradiction was made at the request of the American Minister at the Hague; and are pleased that one of the many falsehoods which are circulated in Europe, respecting American affairs, has found a refutation so prompt and peremptory.

Zurich, Aug. 6.

From Basle, a barque is about to sail for Holland, with about 300 Swiss emigrants, for the U. States.

A great quantity of snow fell on our mountains the latter end of July, which has swollen the Rhine prodigiously. Never was the grand fall of this river, at Lauffer, more sublime: and strangers, of course, have been astonished and delighted with the view.

A Ventriloquist has been banished from the states of Parma for some unlucky specimens of his art. Following a funeral procession to Plaisance he heard the bearer of the Cross ask on which side he should turn, the procession having arrived at a cross way.—The Ventriloquist imitating the voice of the deceased, said,—"When I was alive I went on this side where we are." These words spread terror amongst the people present, every one fled, and the dead was left alone. In another instance, under the portico, where wheat is sold, there is a provisional prison destined for those who disturb the market. The ventriloquist sent forth cries as of those of a poor prisoner torn by a mad cat. All the inhabitants of the town, together with the gendermerie, and the troops of the corps de garde, in consequence assembled, when the trick was discovered, and the Ventriloquist was arrested.

GOSPEL MELODIES.

BY T. MOORE.

THIS world is all a fleeting show,
For man's illusion given:
The smiles of Joy, the tears of Woe,
Deceitful shine, deceitful flow:
There's nothing TRUE but Heaven.

And false the light on Glory's plume,
As fading hues of Even,
And Love and Hope, and Beauty's bloom,
Are blossoms gathering for the tomb—
There's nothing BRIGHT but Heaven.

Poor wanderers of a stormy day,
From wave to wave we're driven,
And Fancy's flash, and Reasons ray,
Serve but to light the troubled way—
There's nothing CALM but Heaven!

Fancy and Common Brushes
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

THE subscribers inform the citizens of Pittsburgh and the country merchants in general, that they have for sale a general assortmen of

Fancy and Common Brushes,

At their Store in Wood street, next door to the Western Hotel, kept by H. Westbay.

And intend as soon as practicable to establish a manufactory, where they will dispose of their goods as reasonable as can be purchased elsewhere.

THOMAS PORTER & CO.

Pittsburgh, October 15—3t.

Regimental Orders.

THE Field, Company and Staff Officers of the 61st Regiment Pennsylvania Militia, will meet at their usual place of parade, on the third Monday of the present month, punctually at the hour of 12 o'clock, uniformed, and armed each with a sufficient firelock, on purpose to improve themselves in military discipline.

JAMES LOGAN, Colonel.

October 11, 1816.

Twenty Dollars Reward.

RAN away from the subscriber on the 8th day of July last, an apprentice to the tanning and currying business, named William Sweny. He took with him a new suit of cloaths, coat of brown cloth, a white waistcoat, and blue pantaloons of Nankeen. He is about nineteen years of age, five feet five or six inches high. Whoever apprehends the said apprentice and delivers him in the jail of Pittsburgh, shall have the above reward and reasonable charges

LEWIS PETERS.

October 15—3t

PROCLAMATION.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given to the electors of Allegheny county, that an election will be held at their several election districts, within the county aforesaid; on FRIDAY, THE FIRST DAY OF NOVEMBER NEXT, there and then to elect agreeably to law

Twenty-five Persons for Electors of a president and vice president of the United States, for the district of Pennsylvania.

Given under my hand at Pittsburgh, the 12th day of October, 1816, and the 41st year of the Independence of the United States of America.

WM. WOODS, Sheriff.

October 12—te.

For Sale,

FOUR tracts, containing each 100 acres, of the lands appropriated to satisfy military claims situate near *Fort Laurens* in Tuscarawas county and state of Ohio. These lands are of a good quality, having about 35 acres of high rich Prairies, easily rendered fit for the plough, and the rest well timbered with oaks, walnut, hickory, &c. The whole body lies high, healthy and level enough for a good farm.

The Tuscarawas branch of the Muskingum which runs through it, is 16 perches wide and navigable for boats of 20 tons burthen to a great distance above fort Laurens at all times when the Ohio is so: it being the branch contemplated to communicate by a lock with the Cuyahoga river which is navigable to Lake Erie.

The country round the fort is well settled and settling, principally with the descendants of Germans and people from the eastern states,—and the country round is less hilly and has a larger proportion of good level farming land than most of those districts in the state which are esteemed healthy. The river here abounds with excellent fish: the soil and climate are adapted to Indian corn, small grain, and grass, of which abundant crops are raised. The range for cattle and hogs are fine.

Fort Laurens is situate about 12 miles from New Philadelphia, the county town: 11 miles from Kendal, six miles from New Bethlehem, 12 miles from Canton the county town of Starks, 45 miles from the Salt-works, and a number of small towns have been laid out in this neighbourhood, one within a mile, one within three miles and another within eight miles. This neighbourhood is inviting to storekeepers and mechanicks of all descriptions, and affords a great opening for men of industry and enterprise.

The terms of sale will be made known on application at his office in fifth street to

AQUILA M. BOLTON,
Attorney at Law and Conveyancer,

Who has made arrangements to furnish *all kinds of* INSTRUMENTS OF WRITING, with precision, neatness and despatch, and will undertake to liquidate accounts and close a sett of books.

Pittsburgh, October 15, 1816—3t.

Miss Jane Lamont, Milliner,

LATE of Philadelphia has the honor to inform the Ladies of Pittsburgh and its vicinity that she has opened here a store in 4th street next door to Robert Pattersons Book Store where she has an elegant assortment of silks of any discription for both dresses and Bonnets.—And has already an assortment of Bonnets Caps Turbans &c, And will attend any commands with punctuality and dispatch and all at the most reasonable terms.

Pittsburgh October 15 1816.—2aw7t.

Allegheny County, ss.

In the Court of Common Pleas of the County of Allegheny of the Term of November A. D. 1816. No. 13

Hannah Fetterman, vs *George Fetterman,* } Alias Subpœna For divorce Returned, N. E. I.

To *George Fetterman* above named.

You are hereby notified and required to be and appear at a Court of Common Pleas to be held at Pittsburgh for the County aforesaid on the second Monday of November next to answer the complaint of the above named libellant.

WILLIAM WOODS, Sheriff

Pittsburgh, October 15, 1816—tc.

FOR SALE,

By RICHARD BOWEN & CO.

Corner of Market and Water Streets,
PITTSBURGH.

NEW-ORLEANS SUGAR,
Prime Green Coffee,
Loaf and Lump Sugar,
Jamaica Spirits, 4th proof, French Brandy,
Sherry,
Lisbon,
Teneriffe and
Currant } Wines,
Juniata Barr Iron
American, Blister and Crowley Steel
English Crowley do.
Rolled Iron and Nail Rods,
Castings assorted,
Cap Paper, No. 1, 2 & 3, Post do.
Medium and Demy Paper, Wrapping do.
Bonnet Boards,
Window Glass and Bottles,
Birmingham Queensware,
Spanish flotant Indigo,
Cotton and Wool Cards, Cotton Yarn,
Kentucky Segars,
Kentucky Twist and Sweet-scented Tobacco,
Bed Cords and Plough Lines,
Pig Lead, Logwood, White Lead,
Merino and Common Wool Hats,
Axes, Hoes and Chains,
Screw Augers first quality,
Mill Saws. ALSO,
18 Boxes Tin Plate.

August 15, 1816. 2aw6m.

Jeremiah Neave & Son,
OF CINCINNATI, OHIO.

Have erected a large and commodious

Brick Warehouse and Cellars,

FOR the receiving of all kinds of MERCHANDIZE, MANUFACTURES and PRODUCE for Storage and Sale on COMMISSION, for forwarding by the River, or to Country Merchants, BILLS and DEBTS collected and punctually remitted. PURCHASES made, and generally all BROKERAGE and Commission Business transacted.

Cincinnati, February, 1816.

Messrs. Bosler & Co.

Have just received from LEE'S PATENT *and* FAMILY MEDICINE STORE, *New-York,*

A FRESH SUPPLY OF THE FOLLOWING

GENUINE MEDICINES.

Dr HAMILTON'S

Grand Restorative.

Prepared (only) by H. LEE, No. 56, Maiden Lane, New-York.

The proprietor of HAMILTON'S RESTORATIVE DROPS confidently recommends it as an invaluable medicine, for the speedy relief and cure of permanent

Nervous Disorders	Violent Cramps in the stomach and back
Consumptions	Indigestion
Lowness of Spirits	Melancholy
Loss of Appetite	Gout in the stomach
Impurity of Blood	Pains in the Limbs
Hysterical Affections	Relaxations, &c
Inward Weaknesses	

This Medicine is perfectly different in its qualities and operation from those hot and irritating s3nup so frequently proposed for similar purposes, which only recommend themselves by the dangerous rapidity of their effects—and which, acting as a temporary, but violent stimulus on the nervous system, infalliibly produces greater evils than those which they are intended to remove.

The principal operation of this medicine is in the stomach, restoring the digestive power, and sending from that organ new health and vigor into every part of the system; it enriches and purifies the blood without stimulating, too violently, the nervous system; strengthens the secretory vessels and general habits, brings back the muscular fibres to their natural and healthy tone, and restores that autrition which immoderate evacuations have destroyed, and whose loss had thrown the whole frame into languor and debility.

The restorative is absolutely above all commendation in removing those weaknesses and infirmities with which many females are afflicted, the consequences of difficult and painful labours, or of injudicious treatment therein.

In cases of extremity, where the long prevalence and obstinacy of disease have brought on a general impoverisement of the system, excessive debility of the whole frame, and a wasting of the flesh, which no nourishment or cordial could repair.

The Grand Restorative is prepared in Pills, as well as in fluid form, which assists considerably in producing a gradual and lasting effect.

HAMILTON'S
Worm Destroying Lozenges.

Which have cured an immense number of persons of both sexes, of every age, and in every situation, of various dangerous complaints arising from worms, and from obstructions of foulness in the stomach and bowels.

Hahn's Anti-Bilious Pills,

Celebrated for the mildness of their operation, &c. for being the best known remedy for cleansing the stomach and bowels-

HAMILTON'S
ESSENCE & EXTRACT OF MUSTARD,

Gout, Palsy, Sprains and Bruises, White swellings, old Strains and Relaxations, Numbness and Weaknesses of the Neck, Pains of the Side, Headache, Swelled Faces, Frozen Limbs, and every similar complaint. It prevents Chilblains or Chopped Hands, and the ill effects of getting wet or damp in the feet.

THE GENUINE PERSIAN LOTION,

So celebrated among the fashionable throughout Europe, in preventing and removing blemishes of the face and skin, freckles, pimples, inflammatory redness, scurfs, tetters, ringworms, sunburns, prickly heat, &c.

THE RESTORATIVE POWDER,
For the Teeth and Gums.

This excellent preparation comforts & strengthens the gums, preserves the enamel from decay, and cleanses and whitens the teeth, by absorbing all the acrimonious slime and foulness, which, suffered to accumulate, never fails to injure and finally ruin them.

HAMILTON'S ELIXIR.

Celebrated for the cure of colds, obstinate coughs, asthmas, and approaching consumptions, and a certain remedy for the whooping cough.

HAHN'S GENUINE EYE WATER.

A sovereign remedyfor all diseases of the eyes, whether the effect of natural weakness or accident.

TOOTH ACHE DROPS.

The only remedy yet discovered which gives immediate and lasting relief in the most severe instances.

ITCH CURED.
LEE'S OINTMENT FOR THE ITCH.

Warranted an infallibleremedy at one application, may be used with perfect safety on infants a week old, not containing a particle of mercury or any dangerous ingredient whateverand not accompanied with that tormenting smart which attends the application of other remedies.

LEE'S
INFALLIBLE
AGUE & FEVER DROPS.
For the cure of Agues, Remittent and Intermittent Fevers.
HAHN'S
True & Genuine German Corn Plaister.

NOTE. The above GENUINE MEDICINES are preprred (only) by H. LEE, (widow of *Richard Lee*, deceased) No. 56, Maiden Lane, N. York, and

SOLD, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL BY

BOSLER & CO.

Front Street, between Market and Wood Streets, Pittsburgh.

☞ *Druggists and Country Storekeepers, will be treated with on liberal terms.*

WILLIAMS'S
Wholesale and Retail Store,

Market, between 3d & 4th streets.

SPRING GOODS.

20 PACKAGES of the latest importations, just received and now opening, at the above Store, being an extensive assortment of *Fancy* and *Staple* articles, suitable for the present and approaching season, which are offered on terms, the most accommodating.—Country merchants, wishing to renew their assortments, will find it their interest to call and examine the above. The assortment for retailing, is *compleat*—and sold on the very lowest terms.

Extra superfine blue and black cloth	Extra and common calicoes
Fine and coarse do,	Do furniture do.
Coatings & casinetts	Furniture dimity
Vestings, 1st quality silk and worsted	Cambrick do.
Coarse stockinetts	Gingham
Blue, black, drab mixed, buff, white, scarlet casimeres, &c.	Fancy muslins
Pelisse cloths & flannel	Cambrick do
Leventine silks	4, 6, 8 & 10 1-4 diaper, &c. &c &c.
Florences	Italian & Canton crapes
Shenshaws	Large assortment silk shawls and hand'kfs.
Mantuas	Long and short silk gloves
Florentines	Silk hose
Chinnells	Laces, &c. &c;
Sasenells	

GROCERIES.

Coffee	Rice
Teas	Allspice
Copperas	Pepper
Allum	Cinnamon
Madder	Cloves
Indigo	Nutmegs
Segars	Tobacco.
Chocolate	

Assortment of

HARDWARE AND CUTLERY.

New-Orleans Sugar by the bbl.

By the Crate, QUEENSWARE, well assorted for Country Merchants.

WHISKEY by the Barrel.

N. B. Those indebted to the subscriber, will please take notice, that ALL accounts, not satisfactorily settled by middle of April, coming—will, without distinction, be left with proper officers for collection.

ELIAS WILLIAMS.

Pittsburgh, March 16, 1316.

FRESH GOODS
ROBERT GETTY,

HAS just received and is now opening at his Store, corner of Diamond & Market Street, an extensive and general assortment of

MERCHANDIZE,

CONSISTING OF

Dry Goods, Groceries, Queensware, and Hardware.

Purchased since the late fall of Goods and will be sold unusually low.

Land for Sale.

THE Subscriber offers for Sale that Valuable *FARM* situate in New-Sewickly Township, Beaver County, Pennsylvania, containing 414 Acres, bounded on the Ohio River, and by Lands of Captain Sholce and others—there is about 120 or 130 acres of Land cleared on said Farm. There is between 60 and 70 acres of first rate bottom, all in a good state of cultivation, on the said Ohio River, and the remainder wood land. There is also on the premises, two Log Dwelling Houses, with shingled roofs, and two Cabbins, 8 or 10 acres of meadow, with about 40 or 50 young Apple Trees, and a number of Peach Trees. Several streams of excellent water run through the premises, headed by never failing springs, with a number of small springs; also, a Log Barn with a shingled roof The title indisputable. For terms apply to

ARON MORTON.

---

100 Dollars Reward.

ESCAPED from the common jail, in the village of Mayville, county of Chatauque, and state of New-York, on the 17th inst a person by the name of SAMUEL PARKER, formerly from the state of Pennsylvania, and well known at Pittsburgh and its vicinity. Said Parker is about 32 years old, about 6 feet high well built, sandy complexion, and reddish hair was committed for an assault and battery, with an intent to murder, and also for forgery. Whoever will take up said Parker, and return him to this prison, or secure him in any jail in the United States, and give notice thereof, shall be entitled to the above reward, and all necessary charges paid.

JONATHAN SPRAGUE, Sheriff.

Mayville, July 6, 1816.

Greensburgh and Pittsburgh
TURNPIKE ROAD COMPANY.

THE President, Managers and Company have directed the 7th, 8th, 9th and 10th Instalments, of 10 per cent each, on the Capital Stock of the Company, to be paid to the Treasurer, in manner following, viz:—the 7th on or before the 6th of March; the 8th on or before the 6th of May; the 9th on or before the 6th of July; and the 10th and last on or before the 6th of September next—of which the Stockholders will please to take notice.

WILLIAM FREIDT, *Treasurer.*

3d February, 1816. 6m

The above Instalments, if paid within 60 days after the time appointed respectively, will be received by Messrs. Luckey, Stewart, and Morrow.

Grocery, Wine and Spirit STORE.

The Subscribers having commenced the above Business, to which they mean exclusively to confine themselves, have now for Sale on moderate terms, the following Articles of the best quality:

COFFEE in barrels and bags
Loaf Sugar and Coffee in barrels
Imperial and Young Hyson Teas in boxes & chests
Chocolate
Pepper
Alspice
Ginger
Mustard in bottles
Madder
Copperas
Allum
Almonds
Raisins
Sweet Oil in bottles
Real Havanna Segars
Nutmegs
Cloves
Cinnamon
Cogniac Brandy
Jamaica Rum
Holland Gin
Madeira, Teneriffe, Port and Lisbon } Wine

Armstrong & Ewing,
WOOD STREET.

Pittsburgh, August 12, 1816. 2awtf.

WHOLESALE
Dry Goods Store.

THE subscribers offer for sale, at the late stores of SUTTON & M'NICKLE, in Water street, a large and handsome assortment of DRY GOODS by the piece.

Cloths, cassimeres, coatings,
Plains, baise, flannels, Bedford cords,
Swandowns, toilonets, bombazetts,
Lambs wool and worsted hose,
Stockingnett, velvets and cords,
Worsted bindings,
Prints and plate calicoes,
Cambric muslins, black cambrics,
India muslins and checks,
Do. Black and colored silk handkerchiefs and sewing silks,
Shirtings, Irish linens,
Beaver and cotton gloves,
Romall, Madrass and pocket handkerchiefs,
Suspenders, tapes, thread, cotton balls,
Velvet ribbon, satten do. pins, buttons, &c.
All of which will be sold at the Philadelphia prices with the difference of carriage and exchange

—ALSO—

10 bbls coffee,
25 do. Orleans and domestic sugar,
Teas, copperas and indigo,
50 boxes soap,
100 kegs manufactured Kentucky tobacco,
150 do. rappee snuff, a quantity of Scotch do.
Cap and printing paper,
Conemaugh salt, window glass by the box,
Cut nails, pig lead,
And an assortment of castings and smith work,
A quantity soal, upper, bridle and harness leather at the most reduced prices.

ARMOR & WALLACE.

Pittsburgh, Sept. 19—2aw6t.

Turnpike Notice.

At a meeting of the President and Managers of the Chambersburgh and Bedford Turnpike Road Company, on the 5th day of September, 1816, it was *inter alia.*

RESOLVED, That the Stockholders of said Company, be required to pay to Dr. John Anderson, Treasurer thereof, at the borough of Bedford, or to Edward Crawford, Esq. at the borough of Chambersburgh, or to Mr. George W. Darrah, at the borough of M'Connellstown, the sum of twenty-five dollars on each of their respective shares in the stock of the said Company, on or before Monday the 28th day of October next, inclusive of all monies heretofore paid by any stockholder, on any former call of the Board: And that every delinquent stockholder, shall, in addition to the above instalment, pay at the rate of five per centum per month, for every delay of such payment, agreeably to the provisions of the 7th section of the act of the General Assembly of Pennsylvania, passed the 24th day of February A. D. 1816, and of the supplement thereto: And further that this resolution be published according to law. J. HOLLIDAY, *President.*

Attest—*J. M. Russell*, Sec'y.

RYE.

SIXTY-TWOCENTS AND AN HALF in Cash, or the highest Market Price, will be given for good Merchantable RYE, delivered at the corner of Water and Ferry Streets, by the subscriber.

WILLIAM HAMILTON.

Pittsburgh, Sept. 24, 1816. 1awtf

The Real Estate of
STEEL SEMPLE, Deceased.

THIS LAND is situated within 2 and 3 miles o Pittsburgh, and is divided intosmall Lots of from five, six, ten and twelve acres.

The survey and draft are now completed, and the lines of the Lots and lanes, plainly and distinctly marked on the ground.

This land is fertile, near to the city, and convenient to good roads. It is so divided as to be convenient for gardners, persons desirous of attending market, or to farmers of small capital. As Out-lots, they are well suited to persons residing in the city.

They are offered for Sale on a credit of from twelve to eighteen months. The plan can be seen at my office. WILLIAM WILKINS.

July 26, 1816.

SURE FOR COUGHS, COLDS, &c.
Hamilton's Elixir,

A SOVEREIGN REMEDY for Colds, obstinate Coughs, Asthmas, Sore Throats, and aproaching Consumptions, and most disordes of the breast and lungs.

A SINGLE TRIAL

Will prove, that it restores the determination of the fluid to the surface of the body, and brings on the common healthful perspiration; that it dislodges and evacuates the tough viscid phlegm or mucus, strengthens the weakened vessels of the lungs, sheathes the acrimonious humor which irritates them, and finally discharges it. Thus striking at the root of the disorder, the symptoms are of course effectually and permanently conquered; the reverse of common medicines, which weaken the constitution and give strength to the disorder, for the sake of moderating for the present some of its painful effects.

To parents who have children afflicted with the HOOPING COUGH, this discovery is of the first magnitude, as it affords immediate relief, checks the progress, and in a short time entirely removes the most cruel disorders to which children are liable. The Elixir is so perfectly agreeable, and the dose so small, that no difficulty arises in taking it.

TO H. LEE.

Being desirous to make public, for the good of others, the excellent quality of HAMILTON'S ELIXIR, prepared by the late Mr. Lee, I have sent you the following account of the benefit I have received from it, which I hope will induce others to give it a trial. In consequence of a bruise on the breast received from a fall, my health grew bad, my breathing became very difficult, and frequently I have had to rise up in my bed, with all the horrors of immediate suffocaton. Add to these a constant pain in my breast, and a cough, a great loss of strength and flesh, and you may conceive that my symptoms evidently indicated an approaching consumption. *The advise of a most eminent physician was resorted to,* and afterwards a second was called in, but without giving me any relief. Another physician who knew me and the circumstances of my case, *advised me to give Hamilton's Elixir a trial,* saying, *he had used it in his practice, and always found it to do much good.* A bottle was procured from Mr. Birch's, and *I found relief before I had taken half of it.* I continued to use it, and was soon strong enough to attend to business. On taking cold some of my former symptoms return, but are always removed by a dose or two of the Elixir.

GEORGE BENNER, Jr.

No. 11, Budd Street, Philadelphia.

The public are respectfully informed, that the above MEDICINE is prepared (only) by the SOLE PROPRIETOR, H. LEE, No. 56, MaidenLane, New York, and sold, wholesale and retail, by

BOSLER & CO.

Front Street, Pittsburgh.

Where may be seen an extensive list of cures, certified by some of the most respectable citizens in the United States.

February 16, 1816.

Steam Woolen Manufactory.

THE subscriber has on hand at his manufactory, which he offers for sale, on the most reasonable terms, the following *Domestic Cloths, viz*

SUPERFINE BROAD CLOTHS,
CASSIMERES,
SATTINETS,
KERSEYNETS;

of different qualities, and a great variety of colors, suitable for the approaching season.

Having established his manufactory on an extensive scale, and at a very great expence, he will at all times be able to furnish any orders with which he may be favoured. Although an appeal to the *patriotism* of his fellow citizens, in support of the infant manufactures of their country, may not *alone* succeed; yet, when this appeal is made at a time when the rate of exchange between the western and the eastern states is greatly to our disadvantage, *interest* may induce merchants and others to turn their attention to the promotion and support of their own manufactories.

He assures the public that his prices are such as to be worthy their attention, particularly to those who purchase largely. He will give a credit of six, nine or twelve months, according to the quantity purchased, payable by negotiable notes in either of the banks in Pittsburgh.

He takes this method of returning thanks for the liberal encouragement he has received in the fulling and wool carding business, and requests a continuance.

Country cloth dressed as usual at the shortest notice. Machinery for this purpose being of the most complete kind, and in perfect order.

JAMES ARTHURS.

Pittsburgh, Sept. 19—1aw6t.

Valuable Real Estate for Sale.

PURSUANT to the last Will and Testament of the late Col. RICHARD BROWN, deceased,

I NOW OFFER FOR SALE,

The Farm on which he resided,

On the Ohio River, in Holliday's Cove, in Brook County, Virginia.

This Estate consists of about 700 Acres of Land, 250 of which is a rich Island, the remainder principally second bottom and upland; that part of the upland which is not tillable, is covered with timber suitable for furnishing the Island and tillable part with fencing and building timber. There is between 150 and 200 acres cleared and under cultivation, a suitable proportion of which is good meadow land. The buildings consist in two log dwelling houses and a log barn with under story of stone. It is well supplied with very fine springs of good water.

The situation of this property on the Ohio River, five miles from the flourishing Town of Steubenville, and in the neighbourhood of several Merchant Mills, Iron Works, &c. renders it a desirable object to a person who would wish to farm extensively, as he would probably at all times find a good market at his door for the produce of his farm. A part of the purchase will be required in hand, and for the remainder a reasonable credit will be given.

BEZ. WELLS, *Executor.*

Steubenville, 5th July, 1816. tf

THOMAS W. EAGLES,
Fansash Maker,

In Wood between Water and Front streets

October 8.